

PATENT
ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 331235-00021

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant(s): Gary W. Ramsden

Serial No.: 10/696,894

Filed: October 30, 2003

Title: Automated Package Shipping

Group Art Unit: 3629

Examiner: Traci L. Smith

Customer No.: 27160

Confirmation No.: 9250

Mail Stop Appeal Brief - Patents
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RESPONSE TO NOTICE OF NON-COMPLIANT APPEAL BRIEF

Sir:

In response to the Notice of Non-Compliant Appeal Brief, mailed on July 21, 2006,
please enter the enclosed Appeal Brief which has been revised to overcome the objections in the
Notice. However, the Applicant does not understand the objection in paragraph 7 of the Notice
since the claims contained in Appendix A are the same as the claims filed on May 30, 2006. The
Applicant respectfully requests clarification.


Appl. No.: 10/696,894
Response dated: August 22, 2006
Response to Notice of Non-Compliant Appeal Brief of July 21, 2006

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Respectfully submitted,

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Attorney Docket No. 331235-00021

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

Applicant(s): Gary W. Ramsden)
Serial No.: 10/696,894)
Filed: October 30, 2003)
Title: Automated Package Shipping)
Machine)
Group Art Unit: 3629)
Examiner: Traci L. Smith)
Confirmation No.: 9250)

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Applicant's Brief On Appeal

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Attorney Docket No. 331235-00021**Table of Contents**

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

Applicant(s): Gary W. Ramsden.)
Serial No.: 10/696,894)
Filed: October 30, 2003)
Title: Automated Package Shipping Machine)
Group Art Unit: 3629)
Examiner: Traci L. Smith)
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Real Party In Interest

The real party in interest is Uship Intellectual Properties, LLC, by virtue of an Assignment from the inventors, Gary W. Ramsden and Kenneth W. Liles to Uship Inc., recorded on Reel/Frame 011735/0586 and from Uship Inc., to United Shipping & Technology, Inc., recorded on Reel/Frame 011738/0014 and from United Shipping & Technology, Inc. to The Intelligent Kiosk Company, recorded on Reel/Frame 012653/0454 and 014822/0782 and from The Intelligent Kiosk Company to Uship Intellectual Properties LLC, recorded on Reel/Frame 015687/0045.

Related Appeals and Interferences

There are no other appeals or interferences known to the Appellant or the Appellant's representative, which are believed to directly affect or be directly affected by or have a bearing on the Board's decision in the pending appeal.

Status Of Claims

Claims 77, 79 and 80 are pending. These claims 77, 79 and 80 stand rejected and are being appealed. The final rejection of these claims forms the basis for this appeal. In particular, claims 77 and 80 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103 (a) as being unpatentable over Hsieh US Patent No. 4,923,022 ("the Hsieh patent") and Pusic US Patent No. 5,065,000 ("the Pusic patent")¹. Claim 79 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the Hsieh and Pusic patents further in view of Tateno US Patent No. 4,836,352 ("the Tateno patent"). A Pre-Appeal Brief Request for Review was filed on March 10, 2006. A Notice of Panel Decision² was issued on April 27, 2006 advising the Applicant to proceed with an Appeal.

Status Of Amendments

An amendment pursuant to 37 CFR § 41.33 (a) was filed on May 30, 2006 to simplify the issues on appeal. It appears that this amendment has been entered³. The claims as currently amended including the aforementioned amendment are included in Appendix A.

Summary Of Claimed Subject Matter

The present invention relates to an automated shipping machine, for example, as shown below. The automated shipping machine includes means for receiving payment information from a customer; a scale for weighing a parcel or envelope to be mailed; and a processing system for receiving various information, as described below, relating to the parcel or envelope to be mailed. In accordance with an important aspect of the invention, as shown below, the claimed

¹ These claims were initially allowed by Examiner Edward Cosimano during a personal interview with Examiner Cosimano attended by the undersigned and the patent owner on August 4, 2005 at substantial expense to the patent owner. The Interview Summary indicates that the claims were allowed and that the application would be allowed pending correction of various informalities. Those informalities were corrected by way of a Communication, mailed on August 16, 2005 and a Petition under 37 CFR § 1.78 (a) (3) to correct the priority claim. The Petition was approved by the Office of Petitions on October 13, 2005. Shortly thereafter, an Office Action was issued on November 2, 2005 by the current Examiner Smith. Upon inquiry, the undersigned was informed that Examiner Cosimano was fired.

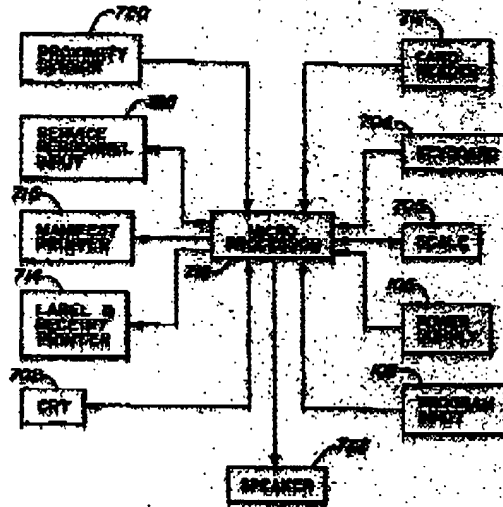
² The Applicant notes (and was surprised) that the Request for a Pre-Appeal Review was decided by a three person panel that included the current Examiner Smith and the current SPE Weiss.

³ The Amendment was filed pursuant to 37 CFR §41.33 on May 30, 2006, prior to the filing of the Appeal Brief on June 5, 2006 and is thus covered by 37 CFR §41.33 (a). As set forth in that section, entry of Amendments filed under that section appear are not mandatory ("Amendments filed after the date of filing an appeal pursuant to Sec. 41.31(a)(1) through (a)(3) and prior to the date a brief is filed pursuant to Sec. 41.37 *may be admitted* as provided in Sec. 1.116 of this title."). Notwithstanding, upon examination of the file history on Private PAIR, the applicant notes an entry on a "Patent Application Fee Determination Record" for the May 30, 2006 amendment. Based upon that entry, the Applicant assumes the Amendment was entered.

The machine also includes "printer means" for printing a bar code identifying at least destination information for placement on the parcel or envelope to be mailed. The printer means also prints a shipping receipt which indicates at least the cost of delivering the parcel or envelope to the destination via the delivery service chosen by the customer.

FIG. 21

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Pursuant to 37 CFR §41.35 (c) (v), the Table below identifies the reference numbers, figures, pages and line numbers for the two claim elements in independent claim 77 in means plus function format.

Reference Character Number	Figure Number(s)	Specification page and line numbers
30	1, 2, 5, 6 and 10	Page 14, line 35-Page 16, line 34
230	7	Page 22, lines 17-19
328	12, 17	Page 35, line 15-Page 36, line 28
712	20, 21	Page 46, lines 22-24
26	2, 3, 5, 6 and 10	Page 16, line 32-Page 17, line 15 Page 26, lines 19-23

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90	5, 10 and 17	Page 12, lines 23-24 Page 19, lines 4-7
326	17	Page 28, lines 12-15 Page 39, lines 20-22 Page 43, lines 9-13 Page 53, lines 1-15 Page 53, lines 24-34
714	20, 21	Page 46, lines 22-24

Grounds of Rejection to be Reviewed on Appeal

- I. The Examiner's rejection of Claims 77 and 80 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the Hsieh and Pusic references.
- II The Examiner's rejection of Claim 79 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the Hsieh and Pusic references and further in view of the Tateno patent.

Argument**I. The Examiner's rejection of Claims 77 and 80 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the Hsieh and Pusic references should be reversed.**

Claims 77 and 80 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the Hsieh and Pusic references. It is respectfully submitted that the Examiner has failed to set forth a *prima facie* case of obviousness as required by MPEP §2143. It is also respectfully submitted that the rejection is based upon errors of law in contradistinction to case law handed down by the Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit.

More particularly, § 2143 of the MPEP requires:

"To establish a prima facie case of obviousness, three basic criteria must be met. First, there must be some suggestion or motivation, either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art, to modify the reference, or to combine reference teachings. Second, there must be a reasonable expectation of success. Finally, the prior art reference (or references when combined) must teach or suggest all of the claim limitations. The teaching or suggestion to make the claim combination and the reasonable expectation of success must both be found in the prior art, not in applicant's disclosure."

As will be discussed in detail below, the rejection fails to meet the criteria of MPEP § 2143 for several reasons. First, it is respectfully submitted that the references do not disclose all of the elements recited in the Claims at issue. Second, since all of the elements are not found in the references, there can be no expectation of success. Third, there is no motivation or suggestion to combine the references in the manner suggested by the Examiner.

**THE REFERENCES DO NOT DISCLOSE ALL OF THE
ELEMENTS**

It is respectfully submitted that the references do not disclose all of the limitations of the claims. In particular, with respect to Claim 77, the claim recites several elements, identified below as paragraphs (a) and (b), which are clearly not disclosed or suggested by any of the references of record. In particular, it is respectfully submitted that those portions of the claim elements shown in bold are not disclosed by the references.

*(a) ⁴ a display for **displaying at least two selectable delivery options**;*

*(b) a processor system, in communication with said input system and said scale, for receiving said information representative of the destination, the selected delivery option and said parcel weight and **computing a cost for mailing said package to said destination as a function of said parcel weight and the selected delivery option**;*

Element (b) recites a processor system which inherently receives and processes three (3) types of information, as follows.

- Destination of the parcel or envelope
- Indication of the delivery option selected
- The weight of the parcel

In particular, based upon receiving the three types of information, mentioned above, the processor is configured to compute the cost for mailing the parcel or envelope to be mailed as a function of all three variables: weight, destination and selected delivery option. Stated another way, the claimed automated shipping machine can compute the cost of mailing a parcel to different destinations for each delivery option. Thus, unlike the Hsieh patent, the selectable delivery options are not limited to delivery options whose costs are independent of destination.

None of the references of record teach such a feature. Rather, the references of record either do not disclose such a feature or teach away from it. In particular, the Pusic patent does

⁴ The designations (a) and (b) have been added for discussion.

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not disclose an operator selectable delivery option. As such, it is clear that the system disclosed in the Pusic patent does not disclose computation of the mailing cost of a parcel based in part upon a selected delivery option and destination

The Hsieh patent discloses a plurality of letter sorting keys 22 (Fig. 1). It appears that the Examiner relies on those keys 22 to meet the limitation of a processor that is configured to compute the mailing cost of the parcel based upon the weight of the parcel and the delivery option selected. Indeed, Paragraph 10 d of the Detailed Action cites the Hsieh patent, Col 4, lines 9-11 as disclosing this feature.⁵ However, it is clear from the Hsieh patent that the processor is not configured to calculate the mailing cost of different destinations for each selected delivery option. In fact, the system taught by the Hsieh patent does not take into the destination of the parcel ("The postage will thereupon be calculated according to the weight of the letter and the type of mailing service which the operator selects." Hsieh, Col. 4, lines 7-9).

Although the letter sorting keys 22 are not defined anywhere in the specification of the Pusic patent, it is clear that the device taught by the Pusic patent is unable to compute a mailing cost for different destinations for a selected delivery option. As such, it is clear that the only "delivery options" that can be provided by the letter sorting keys 22 are options in which the cost of mailing the parcel is uniform for all destinations for each selected delivery option and thus the cost of mailing the parcel does not depend upon the destination for the selected delivery option. The only hint of the available delivery options possible by the letter sorting keys 22 are "registered" and "international letters", as mentioned in the Hsieh patent. (See Hsieh patent, Col.1, lines 18-22; "Moreover, most post offices are only open during the day, thus inconveniencing those persons wishing to post *registered* letters or *international* letters etc., at times not coinciding with standard business hours." and Hsieh patent, Col. 1, line 64-Col. 2, line 3; "Therefore, the letters held within said casing of this invention will have already been weighed, stamped and sorted when the postal worker retrieves them, thus saving on the normal time required for letter-processing in a post office. In addition, a person can mail *registered* or *international* letters, etc., at any time of day or night, whenever said automatic mailing apparatuses are installed.") It follows *a fortiori* that the cost of these delivery options, i.e. registered and international, at least as of the filing of the Hsieh patent, must not have been

⁵ Col. 4, lines 9-11 of the Hsieh patent recite "The postage will be shown on the display screen 19 and the customer is asked to confirm if the letter is to be mailed...." It is believed that the Examiner actually meant to cite Col. 4, lines 7-9 which state: "The postage will thereupon be calculated according to the weight of the letter and the the type of mailing service which the operator selects."

dependent upon destination at all. The Board is respectfully requested to take notice of the fact that the delivery options disclosed in the Hsieh patent are thus similar to a US Postal Service First Class delivery option, which is strictly a function of the weight of the parcel and does not depend on destination within the US.

As such, it follows *a fortiori* that the Hsieh patent reaches away from a system in which pricing for all delivery options is not uniform and is dependent of the intended destination of a parcel. Stated another way, the machine recited in the claims at issue is an improvement over the machine taught by the Hsieh patent in that, the claimed invention is not limited to delivery options whose cost is independent of the destination of the parcel. Rather, the claimed machine can be used for all sorts of delivery options including delivery options whose prices vary as a function of the destination for a selected delivery option. Thus, it is respectfully submitted that neither the Hsieh patent nor the Pusic patent discloses a processor, as recited in the claims at issue, configured to receive information regarding the destination of the parcel; the delivery option selected and weight of the parcel and computes the postage of the parcel based upon all three variables.

As such, the machine taught by the Hsieh patent could not be used for selectable delivery options in which the pricing for a delivery option is dependent upon the destination of the parcel. The Board is respectfully requested to take notice of three exemplary Federal Express delivery options; namely: "Priority Overnight"; "Standard Overnight" and "Economy 2 Day". The pricing for each delivery option varies as a function of "Region". The "regions", in turn, are a functions of zip code or destination. Thus, it is clear that the delivery options illustrated in the attachments are clearly dependent upon the intended destination of the parcel.⁶

It should also be clear that neither the Hsieh or Pusic patents, either alone or in combination as suggested by the Examiner, could be used for the aforementioned Federal Express delivery options, since the machines disclosed in those patents either do not allow for different delivery options or are limited to delivery options whose pricing is independent of the destination. On the other hand, the claimed invention is configured handle delivery options whose pricing varies as a function of the destination. Stated another way, the claimed machine could be used for delivery options the same or similar to those illustrated in the aforementioned

⁶ Copies illustrating the described delivery options are attached for the convenience of the Board. These attachments are provided herein for the sole purpose of illustrating delivery options in which the pricing varies as a function of the destination. The exemplary delivery options were obtained on the Internet at <http://iqimaging.com/shipping.htm>, and represent pricing for Federal Express.

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Federal Express delivery options. Thus, it is respectfully submitted that neither the Pusic or Hsieh patents, either alone or in combination, disclose or suggest an automated mailing machine which provides for at least two selectable delivery options and includes a processor configured to compute the mailing cost as a function of three variables, namely; weight, delivery option and also destination.

Element (a) of Claim 77 also recites a display for displaying at least two selectable delivery options. None of the cited references discloses a display configured to display at least two selectable delivery options. As mentioned above, the Pusic patent does not disclose selectable delivery options. The Hsieh patent discloses a display but is not configured to display selectable delivery options. (See the Hsieh patent, Col. 3, line 68 to Col. 4, line 4 : "The weight of the letter will be shown on the display screen 19. The customer may then choose the type of mailing service which sort of mailing type he/she desires by depressing one of the letter-sorting keys 22."). It is also respectfully submitted that this element is not disclosed or suggested by any of the references of record.

With respect to the rejection of Claim 79, the Taleno patent was cited for disclosing a touch screen. The Taleno patent does not otherwise disclose the missing elements discussed above.

Based on the above, it is respectfully submitted that the Examiner has failed to make out a prima facie case of obviousness for failure to cite references which disclose all of the elements of the claims at issue, contrary to the criteria set forth in the MPEP § 2143

**THE EXAMINER HAS FAILED TO SHOW A REASONABLE
EXPECTATION OF SUCCESS**

Given the fact that none of the references disclose a machine that includes a processor configured to compute the mailing cost of a parcel based upon the weight of the parcel; selected delivery option of the parcel and the destination of the parcel, it is respectfully submitted that there can be no reasonable expectation of success.

**THE EXAMINER HAS FAILED TO SHOW A SUGGESTION
TO COMBINE THE REFERENCES**

In paragraph 15 of the Detailed Action mailed on February 3, 2006, the Examiner argues that the filing dates of the references are two years prior to the priority date of the instant invention. "thus establishing knowledge of the invention." MPEP §2143 requires that "*there must be some suggestion or motivation, either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art, to modify the reference, or to combine reference teachings.*" If anything, it should be clear that there was absolutely no "knowledge", to provide a system for processing delivery options whose pricing is dependent upon destination. As such, it is respectfully submitted that, it can hardly be said that any suggestion or motivation to combine various features was gained from the "knowledge" in the cited references. In addition, it is respectfully submitted that knowledge alone is insufficient to show motivation. As set forth by the Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit in Teleflex v. KSR International Co., 119 Fed. Appx. 282 (Fed. Cir. 2005)⁷ "...the Examiner must show reasons that the skilled artisan, confronted with the same problems as the inventor and with no knowledge of the claimed invention, would select the elements from the cited prior art references for combination in the manner claimed." Knowledge alone is insufficient to satisfy the requirement that the Examiner must still provide a showing of a motivation to make the claimed combination ("...the test of whether it would have been obvious to select specific teachings must still be met by identification of some suggestion, teaching, or suggestion in the prior art, arising from what the prior art would have taught a person of ordinary skill in the field of the invention. In re Scott Johnston, 2006 US App. Lexis 2282 (Fed. Cir. 2006).⁸ Based on the above, it is respectfully submitted that the Examiner has failed to show a suggestion to make the combination suggested as required by MPEP §2143.

For all of the above reasons, it is respectfully submitted that the Examiner has failed to set forth a *prima facie* case of obviousness.

⁷ Copy attached for the convenience of the Board.

⁸ Copy attached for the convenience of the Board.

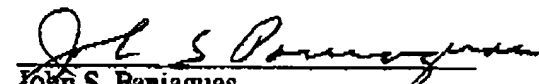
II The Examiner's rejection of Claim 79 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being Unpatentable over the Hsieh, Pusic and Tateno Patents

Claim 79 was rejected as being unpatentable under 35 USC § 103(a) as being unpatentable over the Hsieh and Pusic patents, as discussed above and further in view of the Tateno patents. Claim 79 is dependent upon Claim 77 and adds a limitation that the input system includes a touch screen. The Hsieh and Pusic patents were discussed above. The Tateno patent does not otherwise disclose a system for computing a mailing cost based upon: the weight of the parcel; a selected delivery option and a destination. For these reasons and the reasons above, it is respectfully submitted that the Examiner has failed to set forth a *prima facie* case of obviousness as required by MPEP §2143.

Conclusion

It is respectfully submitted that the Examiner's rejection fails to meet all three criteria set forth in § 2143 of the MPEP. First, the Examiner has failed to show any suggestion or motivation to combine the references in the manner stated. The Examiner simply opines the combination would be obvious. Second, without using the claims as a blueprint, the Examiner has failed to show a reasonable expectation or any expectation of the success of the proposed combination considering the fact that the proposed combination does not disclose all of the elements of the claims. The Board is respectfully requested to reverse the rejections of all claims by the Examiner.

Respectfully Submitted,


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APPENDIX A
CLAIMS ON APPEAL

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Claim 77 An automated shipping machine for use in mailing parcels and envelopes, comprising:

means for receiving payment from a customer;

a scale for weighing a parcel or envelope to be mailed defining a parcel weight;

a display for displaying at least two selectable delivery options;

an input system for receiving information representative of a destination for said parcel or envelope to be mailed, and an indication of the delivery option selected by the customer, said delivery option selectable from at least two delivery options.

a processor system, in communication with said input system and said scale, for receiving said information representative of the destination, the selected delivery option and said parcel weight and computing a cost for mailing said parcel or envelope to said destination as a function of said parcel weight and the selected delivery option;

printer means in communication with said processor for printing a bar code label for placement on the parcel or envelope to be mailed identifying at least said destination representative information and to print a shipping receipt for an amount including at least the cost of delivering said parcel or envelope to said destination via the delivery service chosen by said customer.

Claim 79 The automated shipping machine as recited in claim 77, wherein said input system includes a touch screen CRT.

Claim 80 The automated shipping machine as recited in claim 77, wherein said payment receiving means includes a credit card reader.

APPENDIX B
EVIDENCE APPENDIX

None

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APPENDIX C
RELATED PROCEEDINGS APPENDIX

None

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Comments

RE: Patent Application No.: 10/696,894
Filing Date: October 30, 2003
Inventor: Ramsden
Title: Automated Package Shipping Machine
Confirmation No.: 9250

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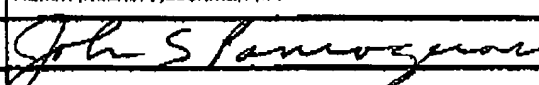
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	Filing Date	October 30, 2003	
	First Named Inventor	Gary W. Ramsden	
	Art Unit	3829	
	Examiner Name	Trace L. Smith	
Total Number of Pages in This Submission	Attorney Docket Number	331235-00021	

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Typed or printed name	Mary J. Champion	Date	August 22, 2006

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